1. The etiology of tooth surface loss is a multifactorial phenomenon that affects only a few individuals seeking rehabilitative dental treatment.
   a. True
   b. False

2. Pathological TSL has the potential to negatively impact a patient’s quality of life in regards to both function and aesthetics.
   a. True
   b. False

3. Tooth wear may result from various processes.
   a. True
   b. False

4. Some of these processes are:
   a. abrasion
   b. attrition
   c. erosion
   d. all of these

5. Pathological tooth surface loss is a worldwide phenomenon of increasing significance.
   a. True
   b. False

6. The patient is a 67-year-old male whose chief complaint was he wanted to enhance the aesthetics of his worn teeth only.
   a. True
   b. False

7. After the initial diagnostic appointment, irreversible hydrocolloid impressions were made of the maxillary and mandibular arches.
   a. True
   b. False

8. For patients who seek treatment of the sequelae resulting from severe dental erosion, it is not a necessity to increase the existing OVD.
   a. True
   b. False

9. Addressing the patient’s chief complaint in this instance only required the placement of restorations in the mandible since his maxillary MCCS were functional and not an aesthetic concern.
   a. True
   b. False

10. Since the introduction of zirconia into the dental field in the early 1990’s the application of this ceramic has been shown to be an excellent material of choice for patients who exhibit bruxism.
    a. True
    b. False